http://www.grantchronicles.com/distancetable.htm

Distance Table for the 12th Planet

accounts for the repulsion force

Distance Table

(Based on Earth passage Date May 15, 2003)

Weeks to go	Apr. Date	% of Distance from mid-sun	Dist to Earth in S-P units	Dist in B. mls.
35	09/07/02	11.116	8.3172	30.5657
30	10/12/02	16.179	7.8478	28.8407
25	11/16/02	23.456	7.1660	26.3351
20	12/21/02	34.006	6.1783	22.7053
15	01/25/03	49.302	4.7463	17.4426
13	02/08/03	57.198	4.0071	14.7261
10	03/01/03	71.476	2.6704	09.8137
9.7	03/03/03	73.087	2.519*	09.2573
9	03/08/03	76.987	2.1544	07.9174
8	03/15/03	82.924	1.5986	05.8749
7	03/22/03	89.318	1.0000	03.6750
6	03/29/03	95.713	0.4014	01.4751
5.72	03/31/03	97.415	0.2414	00.8871
5	04/05/03	98.841	0.1085	00.3987
4	04/12/03	99.618	0.0357	00.1311
0	05/10/03	100.00	0.0000	00.0000

* This is the distance in [Sun / Pluto] units from the Sun to the deflection point. The deflection point is where the repulsion force emanating the Sun and solar system affect the orbital path of the 12th planet.

Column Explanations:

Weeks to go: The amount of weeks prior to passage of the Sun.

Apr. Date: Approximate date in month/day/year to reference the location of the 12th planet.

% of Distance: Percentage of the total distance traveled from the mid point between the Sun and the Dark One,(the unlit star), towards the Sun.

Distance to the Sun in S-P units: The distance from the 12th planet to the near side of the Sun in S-P units where 1 equals the distance between the Sun and Pluto or 3,675,000,000 miles.

Distance in B. Mls.: The distance from the Sun to the 12th planet in billions of miles.

The orbital path and acceleration through the solar system is new to scientists. The planet essentially moves from a virtual stand still between two gravitational sources and gains velocity exponentially as the Sun attracts the planetary mass with little resistance. How fast is fast.